

**Syllabus “Introduction to biostatistics”  
Modules 111,112,113<sup>1</sup>**

<b>Module 111, 112, 113</b>	<b>A Primer of Biostatistics</b>
<b>Coordinator</b>	Nolwenn Le Meur, PhD EHESP, METIS department Nolwenn.LeMeur@ehesp.fr
<b>Dates</b>	September 2017: 26 (111) October 2017: 03, 04 (111) November 2017: 08, 14 (111) November 2017: 15, 17 (112) December 2017: 06, 12 (112) December 2017: 21 (113) February 2018: 02, 13, 14 (113)
<b>Credits/ECTS</b>	9 ECTS
<b>Course format</b>	Lectures, case studies, group work, field studies and readings
<b>Location</b>	EHESP, 20 avenue George Sand – 93 210 La Plaine Saint-Denis
<b>Description</b>	<p>The main objective of this biostatistics program is to give primer biostatistical concepts and methodological key to comprehend public health data analysis of a public problem whatever the topics. More precisely, this course covers the basic tools for the analysis and presentation of data.</p> <p>Each concept will be presented during a short lecture and followed by an application including exercises, cases study, articles/report discussion and data analysis on computers. Those applications cover different public health topics. The data analysis is carried out using Excel, STATA or R.</p>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	None
<b>Course learning objectives</b>	<p>Students who successfully complete this course will be able to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) To discuss and critic reports and articles applying biostatistics to epidemiology</li> <li>(2) To conduct preliminary/simple statistical analysis and to plan more sophisticated future statistical analyses</li> <li>(3) To work with scientific experts including biostatisticians, epidemiologists and public health professionals</li> </ol> <p>The learning objectives are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Extract the most useful/important information from scientific articles</li> <li>• Interpret graphical summaries and statistical tables</li> <li>• Criticize the statistics of simple epidemiological studies</li> <li>• Describe the study population using the appropriate indicators</li> <li>• Formulate statistical hypothesis according to the objective aimed by the study</li> <li>• Apply the statistical test using the R or STATA software and to interpret the results</li> <li>• Measure the strength of the association between two quantitative or qualitative variables and interpret it</li> <li>• Summarize statistical results and to write the material, methods and result sections of a report/article</li> <li>• Follow the step by step procedure to obtain a informative linear model and interpret it</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> The epidemiology and biostatistics modules are deliberately mixed over time

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assess the validity of a linear model</li> <li>Discover other fields of bio-statistics</li> </ul>
<b>Structure</b> (details of sessions title/speaker/date /duration)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Biostatistics, a core science in Public Health. Nolwenn Le Meur: 1h</li> <li>2) Descriptive statistics <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. data type and two way tables. Nolwenn Le Meur: 3h00</li> <li>b. central tendency and graph. Nolwenn Le Meur: 3h00</li> <li>c. dispersion and graph. Nolwenn Le Meur: 3h00</li> <li>d. descriptive statistics in spatial analysis: Tania Serrano 3h</li> <li>e. Inference and confidence intervals of means, Pascal Crepey 3h</li> <li>f. Inference and confidence intervals of proportions, Pascal Crepey 3h</li> </ol> </li> <li>3) Inferential statistics <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Tests: comparisons of frequency, Pascal Crepey 3h</li> <li>b. Tests: comparisons of means, Pascal Crepey 3h</li> <li>c. Analysis of variance, Pascal Crepey 2h</li> </ol> </li> <li>4) Introduction to regression model <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Simple linear regression, Pascal Crepey: 3h</li> <li>b. Residual analysis, Pascal Crepey 3h</li> <li>c. Multiple linear regression, Nolwenn Le Meur: 3h</li> <li>d. Principles of health surveillance, Pascal Crepey: 5h</li> </ol> </li> <li>5) Introduction planning and conducting a statistical analysis <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Critical reading presentation, Nolwenn Le Meur 3h</li> <li>b. Sample design and power analysis. Nolwenn Le Meur: 3h</li> <li>c. Case Study I: Scabies epidemic, Nolwenn Le Meur 6h</li> <li>d. Case study II: Binge drinking survey, Nolwenn Le Meur 6h</li> </ol> </li> <li>6) Field survey (shared with EPI) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Preparation &amp; Conduct. Emmanuelle Leray &amp; Metis faculties 12h in total (+complement in the ISB module for data analysis)</li> <li>b. Results (group presentations). Emmanuelle Leray &amp; Metis faculties 3h (shared with ISB)</li> <li>c. Questionnaire surveys: articulating qualitative &amp; quantitative approaches. Jean-Baptiste Combes &amp; Emilie Council 3h</li> </ol> </li> <li>7) Module Debriefing. Emilie Council &amp; Nolwenn Le Meur: 1h30 (shared with ISB)</li> </ol> <p>Time for evaluations and Research interest presentation of lecturers are not included here (see time schedule or details)</p>
<b>Ressources</b>	<p><u>Reference books for Statistics (available at George Sand's library)</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>B. Burt Gerstman Basic Biostatistics: Statistics for Public Health Practice 2nd Edition 2015. ISBN-13: 978-1284036015</li> <li>Harvey Motulsky - Essential Biostatistics a nonmathematical approach. Edition 2015</li> </ul> <p><u>R Reference books and course:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>R for Statistics Pierre-Andre Cornillon, Arnaud Guyader, Francois Husson, Nicolas Jegou, Julie Josse, Maela Kloareg, Eric Matzner-Lober, Laurent Rouvière. March 21, 2012 by Chapman and Hall/CRC. ISBN 9781439881453 (available at George Sand's library – exists also in French)</li> <li>R in Action Data analysis and graphics with R. Robert I. Kabacoo. Manning Publications Co. 2011</li> </ul> <p>Introduction to statistics with R – Free interactive datacamp - <a href="https://www.datacamp.com/community/blog/new-courses-introduction-to-statistics#gs.0QV9hVM">https://www.datacamp.com/community/blog/new-courses-introduction-to-statistics#gs.0QV9hVM</a></p>
<b>Course requirement</b>	Students are expected to read and analyse selected papers for the group work before the courses. Students are expected to transmit their homework on time.
<b>Grading and assessment</b>	The final grade results from two group works and from a final sitting exam (2-hour table assignment)

	<p>Detailed assignments :</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="507 293 1497 640"> <thead> <tr> <th>n°</th> <th>Assignment topic</th> <th>% final grade</th> <th>Format</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Final exam</td> <td>50%</td> <td>Individual</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Descriptive &amp; inferential statistics (MCQ)</td> <td>5%</td> <td>Individual</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Introduction to regression model (MCQ)</td> <td>5%</td> <td>Individual</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Case study I &amp; II</td> <td>10%</td> <td>Individual</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Critical reading</td> <td>10%</td> <td>Group work</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>Field survey presentation</td> <td>20%</td> <td>Group work</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note also that students will complete a questionnaire that assesses their own and their teammates' contributions to group work. All team members will receive the same grade except if it is clear that a student has not participated effectively (attended and contributed to meetings; made timely, helpful contributions; been constructive, etc.). In that case, the student's grade will be lowered accordingly.</p>	n°	Assignment topic	% final grade	Format	1	Final exam	50%	Individual	2	Descriptive & inferential statistics (MCQ)	5%	Individual	3	Introduction to regression model (MCQ)	5%	Individual	4	Case study I & II	10%	Individual	5	Critical reading	10%	Group work	6	Field survey presentation	20%	Group work
n°	Assignment topic	% final grade	Format																										
1	Final exam	50%	Individual																										
2	Descriptive & inferential statistics (MCQ)	5%	Individual																										
3	Introduction to regression model (MCQ)	5%	Individual																										
4	Case study I & II	10%	Individual																										
5	Critical reading	10%	Group work																										
6	Field survey presentation	20%	Group work																										
<p><b>Course policy</b></p>	<p><b>Attendance &amp; punctuality</b>  Regular and punctual class attendance is a prerequisite for receiving credit in a course. Students are expected to attend each class. Attendance will be taken at each class.  The obligations of attendance and punctuality cover every aspect of the course: - lectures, conferences, group projects, assessments, examinations, as described in EHESP Academic Regulations <a href="http://mph.ehesp.fr">http://mph.ehesp.fr</a> EHESP Academic Regulation Article. 3).  If students are not able to make it to class, they are required to send an email to the instructor and to the MPH program coordinating team explaining their absence prior to the scheduled class date. All supporting documents are provided to the end-of-year panel.</p> <p>Students who miss class are responsible for content. Any student who misses a class has the responsibility for obtaining copies of notes, handouts and assignments. If additional assistance is still necessary, an appointment should be scheduled with the instructor. Class time is not to be used to go over material with students who have missed class.</p> <p><b>Lateness:</b> Students who are more than 10 minutes late may be denied access to a class. Repeated late arrivals may be counted as absences (See <a href="http://mph.ehesp.fr">http://mph.ehesp.fr</a> EHESP Academic Regulation Article. 3 Attendance &amp; Punctuality)</p> <p><b>Maximum absences authorized &amp; penalty otherwise</b>  Above 20% of absences will be designated a fail for a given class. The students will be entitled to be reassessed in any failed component(s). If they undertake a reassessment or they retake a module this means that they cannot normally obtain more than the minimum pass mark (i.e. 10 out of 20)</p> <p><b>Exceptional circumstances</b>  Absence from any examination or test, or late submission of assignments due to illness, psychological problems, or exceptional personal reasons must be justified; otherwise, students will be penalized, as above mentioned. Students must directly notify their professor or the MPH academic secretariat before the exam or before the assignment deadline. Before accepting the student's justification, the professor or the MPH academic secretariat has the right to request either a certificate from the attending physician or from a psychologist, or from any other relevant person (See <a href="http://mph.ehesp.fr">http://mph.ehesp.fr</a> EHESP Academic Regulation Article 4 Examinations).</p> <p><b>Courtesy:</b> All cell phones/pages MUST be turned off during class time.  Students are required to conduct themselves according to professional standards, eating during class time is not permitted during class time, such as course or group work.</p>																												
<p><b>Valuing diversity</b></p>	<p>Diversity enriches learning. It requires an atmosphere of inclusion and tolerance, which oftentimes</p>																												

	challenges our own closely-held ideas, as well as our personal comfort zones. The results, however, create a sense of community and promote excellence in the learning environment. This class will follow principles of inclusion, respect, tolerance, and acceptance that support the values of diversity. Diversity includes consideration of: (1) life experiences, including type, variety, uniqueness, duration, personal values, political viewpoints, and intensity; and (2) factors related to "diversity of presence," including, among others, age, economic circumstances, ethnic identification, family educational attainment, disability, gender, geographic origin, maturity, race, religion, sexual orientation and social position.
<b>Course evaluation</b>	EHESP requests that you complete a course evaluation at the end of the school year. Your responses will be anonymous, with feedback provided in the aggregate. Open-ended comments will be shared with instructors, but not identified with individual students. Your participation in course evaluation is an expectation, since providing constructive feedback is a professional obligation. Feedback is critical, moreover, to improving the quality of our courses, as well as for instructor assessment.

<b>Module #</b>	<b>111</b>
<b>Title</b>	<b>Descriptives statistics</b>
<b>Speakers</b>	N. Le Meur P. Crepey T. Serrano N. Nekkab (teaching assistant)
<b>Learning objectives</b>	Understand and use fundamental statistical parameters (mean, median, standard deviation, confidence interval...) and tools (graphics, table) to describe a study population
<b>Session Outline</b>	Lecture and lab with exercises on papers and statistical software <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ data type and data transformation</li> <li>○ location parameters</li> <li>○ dispersion parameters</li> <li>○ summarize data into table and graphics</li> <li>○ compute confidence intervals to summarize information location parameters of a population from a sample</li> </ul>
<b>Duration</b>	24 hours 6h personal work
<b>Training methods</b>	03/10/2017, 04/10/2017, 08/10/2017, 14/10/2017
<b>Assignments</b>	Quiz I (5%) Acquired competences will be needed for the case studies, field survey and final exam

<b>Module #</b>	<b>112</b>
<b>Title</b>	<b>Inferential statistics and introduction to modelling</b>
<b>Speakers</b>	N. Le Meur P. Crepey N. Nekkab (teaching assistant)
<b>Learning objectives</b>	Formulate statistical hypothesis according to the objective aimed by the study to measure the strength of the association between two quantitative or qualitative variables and interpret it

	Follow the step by step procedure to obtain an informative linear model, assess its validity and interpret it
<b>Session Outline</b>	Lecture and lab with exercises on papers and statistical software <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Statistical test for <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. bivariate comparisons of frequencies or means,</li> <li>b. Analysis of variance</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Introduction to regression model <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Simple linear regression</li> <li>b. Residual analysis</li> <li>c. Multiple linear regression</li> <li>d. Principles of health surveillance</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Introduction planning and conducting a statistical analysis <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Critical reading presentation</li> <li>b. Sample design and power analysis</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
<b>Duration</b>	24 hours 6h personal and group works
<b>Training methods</b>	15/11/2017, 17/11/2017, 06/12/2017, 06/12/2017
<b>Assignments</b>	Quizz II (5%), Critical reading (10%) Acquired competences will be needed for the case studies, field survey and final exam

<b>Module #</b>	<b>113</b>
<b>Title</b>	<b>Biostatistics in practice</b>
<b>Speakers</b>	N. Le Meur E. Leray
<b>Learning objectives</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analyses data using a statistical software (STATA or R)</li> <li>• Analyses data following a step by step procedure to obtain descriptive summary of the data, test some statistical hypothesis and, a model the effects of co-variables on some outcome.</li> <li>• Present results using table and graphics</li> </ul>
<b>Session Outline</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conducting a basic data analysis from A to Z <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Case Study I: Scabies epidemic</li> <li>○ Case study II: Binge drinking survey</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Field survey (shared with EPI) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Preparation &amp; Conduct. Emmanuelle Leray &amp; Metis faculties</li> <li>○ Analysis field survey data</li> <li>○ Results presentations in groups</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Duration</b>	24 hours 6h personal and group works
<b>Training methods</b>	21/12/2017, 02/02/2018, 13/02/2018, 14/02/2018
<b>Assignments</b>	Case studies (10%) Field survey (20%) Acquired competences will be needed for the case studies, field survey and final exam